





16. Diskografentag

Albéniz, flamenco and other rarities within the Regordosa-Turull collection

Biblioteca De Catalunya Biblioteca de Catalunya Sound & AV archive (Barcelona)

Why the Regordosa-Turull collection? (1898-1918)

It is one of the most fascinating private brown cylinders collection in Spain, together with those preserved in Euskadi (Ibarra collection) Aragón (Marro collection) and Andalousia (Jerez collection).

Available in Biblioteca de Catalunya Catalogue.

Why other rarities? (1898?1899?1900?1901?...)

Catalan national anthem had a very rich etnographic evolution. There is one cylinder in the collection that could be considered the first recording of one quite controverted version made by the Orfeó Català (Palau de la Música Choir).

Available discography. Only one cylinder known.

Why flamenco?

Most of historical music recordings in Spain included a variety of regional popular music (Sardanas in Catalonia, Jotas in Aragon, Zarzuela in Madrid, and flamenco everywhere, but mainly in Andalousia and Madrid).

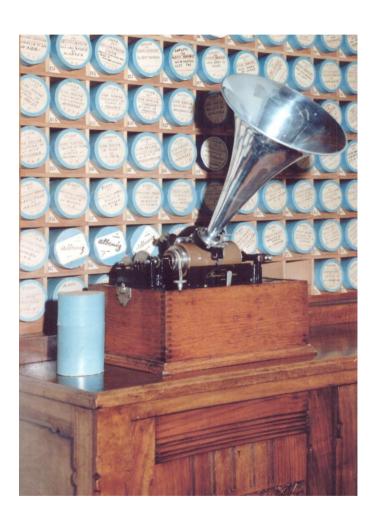
Available discographies. Available catalogues of cylinders.

Why Albéniz? (1903-1907)

Isaac Albéniz (1865-1909), Catalan pianist and composer, never recorded himself for commercial purposes. But he did it in 3 unique cylinders with improvisations, ca. 1903-1907.

Available discographies. No cylinders, exception made of the only 3 surviving.

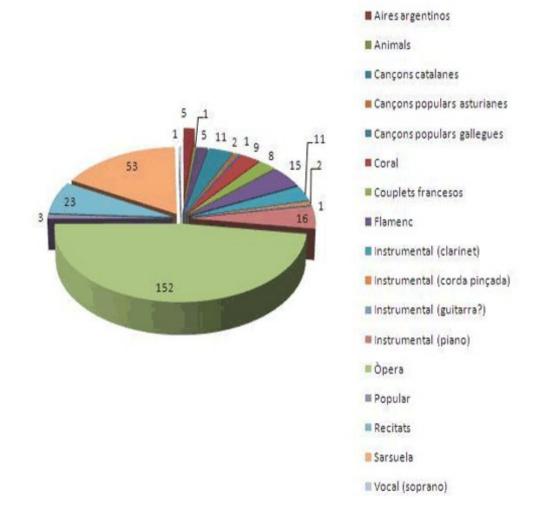
1. The Regordosa-Turull Collection



- Formed by Ruperto Regordosa
 Planas (18??-1918), a rich Catalan
 business man from Tiana (Barcelona).
- Acquired by the Biblioteca de Catalunya in 2000 from the violinist and composer Xavier Turull (1922-2000).
- 358 brown wax cylinders, most of them of no brand.
- In a wood case with 187 holes (upper part) and 180 holes (lower part).
- 4 phonographs (pictured, the Edison Suitcase "A", Serial number S4880).
- Some documentation (original list, photographs, correspondence, one cylinders catalogue).

The Collection





Regordosa's Family



Regordosa's inicial in the family grave



Mariano Regordosa's grave in Montjuïc (Barcelona)

- Mariano and his siblings were part of the industrial upper class in Barcelona.
- His son Ruperto Regordosa Planas (+1918) continued his father's business in fabrics and dye production.
- Ruperto was also very interested in photography and opera and flamenco music.
- Not being a politician himself, he and his brother attendend federal republican and liberal Catalanist Congress in 1880.

Regordosa's Family

We did'nt find any portrait of Ruperto Regordosa. His family only kept a picture of him, which needs some restoration and its not available.

Regordosa's country-side home in Tiana, Catalan flag coat in the façade of a small village 15 km away from Barcelona.

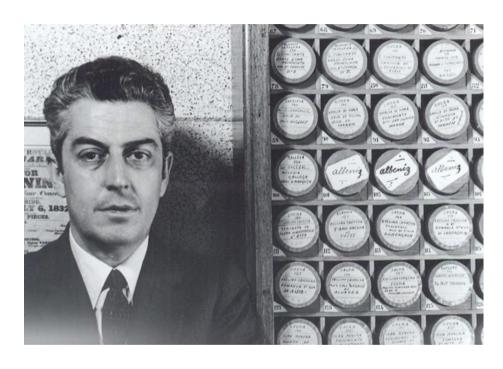
Regordosa's home, a sign of Regordosa's national feelings.





Tiana used to be frequented by wealthy people. There was a health resort at the end of the XIXth Century in the village. It was also well known because of the carthusian Cartoixa the Montalegre, an impressive building.

Xavier Turull i Creixell



Violinist and composer, Xavier Turull was also director of the city of Barcelona Conservatoire. He toured all over the world, premiered many violin works by Catalan composers and acquired Regordosa's collection at the end of the sixties.



Turull showing his cylinder's collection to Yehudi Menuhin, probably in Barcelona. (196-?)

More about the collection



More about the collection



http://scur.cat/3BHX20



http://scur.cat/FDDZ90



http://scur.cat/XX4262

2. Rarities within the collection



Els segadors

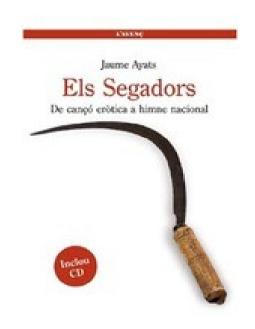
- Originally a traditional song, it became the Catalan National Anthem in 1993.
- Cylinder performed by the Orfeó Català, conducted by Lluís Millet.
- Undated. Probably recorded in 1901 in Tiana.
- Traditional (unadapted) text. The song ends with hurrays to Catalonia.

Els Segadors in the WDL



http://www.wdl.org/en/item/14162/

Els Segadors. Datation



Between 1905-1915





Visit
of the
Orfeó Català
to the
Cartoixa
de Montalegre,
Tiana, in April
1901.
Was Ruperto
Regordosa with
his phonograph
there?

(Centre de Documentació de l'Orfeó Català. MDC).

Flamenco cylinders

According to Rafael Chaves, one of the expert discographers of flamenco music, *Paco el de Montilla*, was one of the first *cantaores* to record on cylinders in Spain.

There are 6 cylinders by Paco el de Montilla in the Regordosa-Turull Collection.

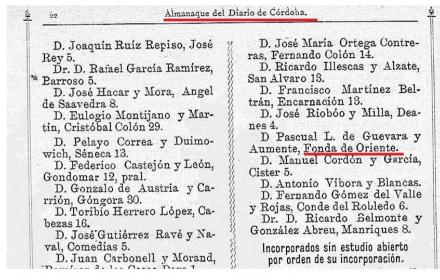
In some of them, it can be clearly heard the title of the song, the name of the cantaor, and the words "grabado por el señor Regordosa en la Fonda de Oriente, Córdoba".

Copies of some of these cylinders can be also found in private hands (Manuel Cerrejón). Rafael Chaves Arcos y Norman Paul Kliman - "Los Cantes Mineros através de los registros de pizarra y cilindros"

Flamenco cylinders. Datation.

Chaves, in a private correspondance with the Biblioteca de Catalunya, admited to have dated those cylinders around 1898 or 1899, for the place where they were recorded, the Fonda Oriente in Córdoba (Andalousia) was closed down in 1900.

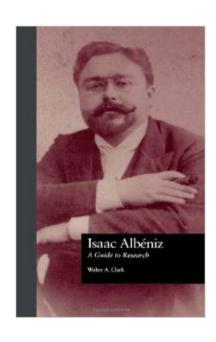
Malagueña



"Almanaque del Diario de Córdoba para 1900". Ilustre Colegio de Abogados de esta Capital.

Late notice on Fonda de Oriente in the "Almanaque del Obispado de Córdoba", 1899.

Albéniz cylinders.



- Isaac Albéniz (1965-1909), Pianist and composer. Author of the piano work *Iberia*.
- Never recorded commercially.
- Albéniz has a comprehensive discography by W.A.
 Clark, in which he states the existance of 3 cylinders on which Albéniz recorded three improvisations.
- Those cylinders were recorded by Ruperto Regordosa in Tiana, between 1903 and 1907.
- Datation in uncertain, but Albéniz was living in Nize at that time and e only came to Barcelona and Tiana, where his wife Rosina's family had a residence.

Albéniz cylinders. Datation.

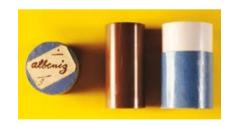
Joaquim Malats, one of the closest friends of Albéniz, ans a pianist himself, was one of the finest Albéniz works performer.

He also was recorded by Regordosa. Three cylinders came from the Manuel Valls collection. It is probably that an interchange of cylinders between Valls and Turull could hapen, as both were close friends.

After "La Vanguardia" newspaper, Albéniz and Malats played together in Tiana during the summer festivities of this village, in September 1906.



Concierto Malats, Palau de la Música Catalana, 10 de març 1910. Centre de Documentació de l'Orfeó Català, E:Boc PMC 1910-03-10. (Iberia)



Albéniz cylinders. The transfers

Xavier Turull had good friends in New York. Alicia de Larrocha (1926-2005), the great pianist, was one of them.

Alicia de Larrocha put Turull in contact with the International Piano Archives, and the transfers of two of the three cylinders were made. The third was broken and needed restoration. An LP entitled *The Catalan Piano Tradition* was published. Together with twoo of the three cylinders, the LP also included the playing of Granados, his pupil Frank Marshall and Alicia de Larrocha's first recordings.

In 1995, VAI reissued the LP to a CD that this time included the third cylinder, now restored.

The Biblioteca de Catalunya made a new transfer of the whole Regordosa collection in 2008. This time, it was made in Seville by Fonotrón.

Albéniz cylinders. The files

One of the transfers made by IPA were shown in the Miguel de Cervantes Digital Library. But, once the new transfers were made, some recording companies were interested in reissuing the cylinders, putting some editing in the transfers.

LA MÀ DE GUIDO

Equalization, cleaning and decliking

ZENPH

After research on pitch, speed, order of performing, Zenph launched a CD of the cylinders reperformed in a piano.

Albéniz cylinders. The sound

- Improvisación (Cil 167)
- - Improvisació (Cil 169)

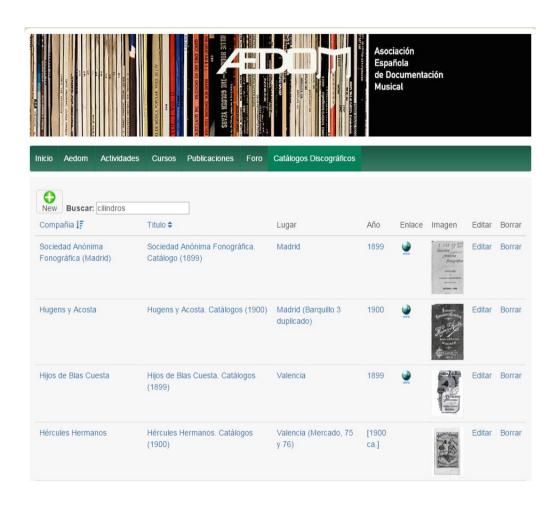
Cylinders aspects for dating



Cylinders aspects for dating



Cylinders aspects for dating



http://www.aedom.org

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